Student Mathematical Practices (SMP) High School













Make Sense of the Problems and Persevere in Solving Them Student Mathematical Practice 1

- How would you describe the problem in your own words?
- What are you trying to find?
- What information is given to you in the problem? Can you describe the relationships between the quantities?
- Describe the strategies you have already tried. What change might you make to reach a solution?
- What steps in the process are you most confident about? What are some other strategies you might try?
- What prior knowledge can you use from previous problems?
- How else might you organize, represent, or show the task?
- Is the solution reasonable and does it make sense? Be persistent, and do not give up!

Institute for Advanced Study/Park City Mathematics Institute/ Created by Learning Services, Modified by Melisa Hancock, 2013



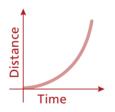
Reason Abstractly and Quantitatively Student Mathematical Practice 2

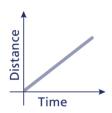
- How can you make sense of the quantities and their relationships within the problem situation?
- How might the units and numbers be considered in creating a solution?
- How might you explain the meaning of quantities you have computed?
- What properties might you use to find a solution?

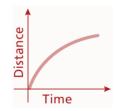
Institute for Advanced Study/Park City Mathematics Institute/ Created by Learning Services, Modified by Melisa Hancock, 2013

Jane, Carol, and Mary all walked from the railroad station. Jane walked at a steady pace, Carol speeded up as she walked, and Mary slowed down. Choose which graph identifies each girl's walk. Explain your reasoning.











Construct Viable Arguments & Critique the Reasoning of Others Student Mathematical Practice 3

- What mathematical evidence would support your solution? How would you justify and defend your conjectures?
- Will it still work if the quantities/process you used changed?
- Why did you decide to try that strategy?
- How did you test whether your approach worked?
- How did you decide what the problem was asking you to find? (What was unknown?)
- Did you try a method that did not work? Why didn't it work? Would it ever work? Why or why not?
- What is the same and what is different about the strategies used by you and others? How could you demonstrate a counter-example?

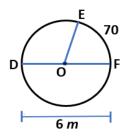
Institute for Advanced Study/Park City Mathematics Institute/ Created by Learning Services, Modified by Melisa Hancock, 2013

Jack and Sara's class must find the length of \widehat{DE} using the diagram below. A classmate submits the solution shown below. What is the error?

Length of
$$\widehat{DE} = \frac{m\widehat{DE}}{360} \cdot 2\pi r$$

$$= \frac{110}{360} \cdot 2\pi (6)$$

$$= \frac{11}{3}\pi m$$







Model With Mathematics Student Mathematical Practice 4

- What number model could you construct to represent the problem?
- What are some ways to represent the quantities? What are the relationships between the quantities?
- What is an equation or expression that matches the diagrams, graphs, coordinate grids, calculators, tables, ...?
- How will you represent quantities in the task in your equation or expression?
- What math do you know that you could use to represent this situation?
- What assumptions do you have to make to solve the problem?
- What formula might apply in this situation?

Institute for Advanced Study/Park City Mathematics Institute/ Created by Learning Services, Modified by Melisa Hancock, 2013

Maria wants to buy oranges and peaches from the store to add to her party's fruit display. She must buy at least 5 oranges, and the number of oranges must be less than twice the number of peaches. An orange weighs 150 grams and a peach weighs 100 grams. Maria can not carry more than 3.6 kilograms of fruits home. If oranges cost \$0.70 each and peaches cost \$0.90 each, what is the maximum amount Maria can spend buying the fruits?

https://www.onlinemathlearning.com/linear-programming-example.html











Use Appropriate Tools Strategically Student Mathematical Practice 5

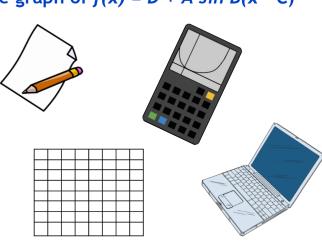
- How could a mathematical tool help you understand/interpret/solve this problem?
- What mathematical tools could you use to visualize and represent the situation?
- What approach are you considering trying first?
- What tools do you have available? Which tool will best provide the needed information?
- How can using a tool show something different?
- In what situations might it be more informative or helpful to use tools?

Institute for Advanced Study/Park City Mathematics Institute/ Created by Learning Services, Modified by Melisa Hancock, 2013

Make some predictions about how the graph of $f(x) = D + A \sin B(x - C)$ changes when:

- a) only A changes
- b) only *B* changes
- c) only *C* changes
- d) only *D* changes

How can you test your predictions?

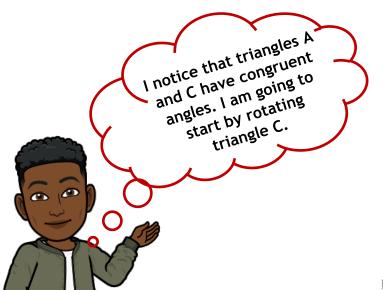




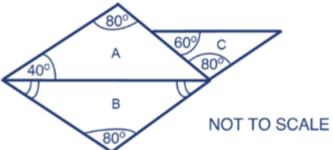
Attend to Precision Student Mathematical Practice 6

- What mathematical terms apply in this situation? How did you know your solution was reasonable?
- Explain how your solution answers the problem.
- Is there a more efficient strategy?
- How are you showing the meaning of the quantities?
- What symbols or mathematical notations are important in this problem?
- What mathematical language, vocabulary/definitions, and properties can you use to explain this problem?
- How could you test your solution to see if it answers the problem?

Institute for Advanced Study/Park City Mathematics Institute/ Created by Learning Services, Modified by Melisa Hancock, 2013



Are any of the triangles A, B, and C mathematically similar? Explain your reasoning.





Look For and Make Use of Structure Student Mathematical Practice 7

- What observations can you make about the problem?
- What parts of the problem might you eliminate or simplify?
- What patterns do you see in problem? Describe the patterns.
- What ideas or prior knowledge will be useful in solving this problem?
- What are some other problems which you have worked that are similar to this one?
- In what ways does this problem connect to other mathematical concepts?

Institute for Advanced Study/Park City Mathematics Institute/ Created by Learning Services, Modified by Melisa Hancock, 2013

Express each in simplest form using exponents.

- a) $x^3 \cdot x^3$
- **b)** $x^2 \cdot x^2$
- $c) x \cdot x$
- d) $x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{2}}$
- e) $x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{3}}$
- $f) x^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{4}}$

In part (d) you should have gotten an answer of x.

What quantity when multiplied by itself gives you x.

Based on your answer, what do you think $x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ means? What do you

think $x^{\frac{1}{3}}$ means? Why? What do you think $x^{\frac{1}{4}}$ means? Why?





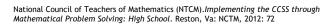
Yes, the pattern

is square root, cubed root, and

fourth root.

WOW!!





Look For and Express Regularity in Repeated Reasoning Student Mathematical Practice 8

- Is there a pattern?
- Can you generalize the pattern to a rule or method?
- What process is being used? How does each part relate?
- How can you use the relationships and patterns to evaluate your results and build a general method?

Institute for Advanced Study/Park City Mathematics Institute/ Created by Learning Services, Modified by Melisa Hancock, 2013

Your grandparents want to help you begin a savings account for college. They will give you \$20 to open the account and then increase the amount by 2% each month. How much money will she have after 1 month? 2

months? 10 months? X months?

| Month | Amount in Account |
|-------|----------------------------|
| 0 | \$20 |
| 1 | 20(1.02) |
| 2 | 20(1.02)(1.02) |
| 3 | 20(1.02)(1.02)(1.02) |
| 4 | 20(1.02)(1.02)(1.02) |
| 5 | 20(1.02)(1.02)(1.02)(1.02) |
| 10 | 20(1.02) ¹⁰ |
| х | 20(1.02) ^x |

